## Wednesday, February 13, 2019

Your Learning Goal: After students experienced speed in the zipline engineering challenge, they will be able to describe how different speeds look on a graph with 100\% accuracy.
Table of Contents:
Speed Graphs- 32L + R
Catalyst (32L): Use Speed = Distance/Time to answer the following word problems

## Homework:

Tortoise and the Hare


Agenda:

1. Catalyst
2. Notes
3. Tortoise and the Hare

## Table of Contents

| Date | Assignment | $\mathrm{Pg} \mathrm{\#}$ |
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| $1 / 22 / 19$ | A Planet is Born | $27 \mathrm{~L}+\mathrm{R}$ |
| $1 / 24 / 19$ | Scaling the Planets | $28 \mathrm{~L}+\mathrm{R}$ |
| $1 / 29 / 19$ | Spatial Attraction | $29 \mathrm{~L}+\mathrm{R}$ |
| $1 / 31 / 19$ | Electricity and Magnetism | $30 \mathrm{~L}+\mathrm{R}$ |
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| $2 / 13 / 19$ | Speed Graphs | $32 L+R$ |

## Catalyst:

Use Speed = Distance/Time to answer the following word problems:

1. Ms. Salzburg had to run west to get home. It took her 2 minutes to run 100 meters. What is her speed?
2. What is Ms. Salzburg's average speed if she then took a 1 minute break and ran another 100 meters in 1 minute?

## Speed Graphs

| Type of <br> Graph | Picture |
| :---: | :---: |
| Constant (same) <br> speed |  |
| Increasing speed |  |
| Decreasing speed |  |
| Stationary <br> (No speed; <br> Stopped) |  |
| Moving back to <br> the beginning |  |

# GRAPHING MOTION 

How to graph and interpret motion

> given

## Distance vs. Time Graph

- Speed = change in distance change in time
- To find speed from the graph, measure the change in distance and divide by the change in time
- This change is called the slope in math, SO SLOPE on a graph tells you the SPEED


## Constant Speed Graph

- If the line is straight (no change in slope), that means the object is moving at constant speed.
- (Write the description and draw the image below)



## Constant Speed Graph

- The steeper the line, the faster an object is going



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## Speed Graphs

| Type of <br> Graph | Picture |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Constant (same) <br> speed | If the line is straight <br> (no change in slope), <br> that means the obect is <br> moving at constant <br> speed. |  |  |
| Increasing speed |  |  |  |
| Decreasing speed |  |  |  |
| Stationary <br> (No speed; <br> Stopped) |  |  |  |
| Moving back to <br> the beginning |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## Increasing Speed Graph

- If the line on the graph is getting steeper, speed is increasing.
(Write the description and draw the image below)



## Catalyst:

Use Speed = Distance/Time to answer the following word problems:

1. Ms. Salzburg had to run west to get home. It took her 2 minutes to run 100 meters. What is her speed?
2. What is Ms. Salzburg's average speed if she then took a 1 minute break and ran another 100 meters in 1 minute?

## Speed Graphs

| Type of <br> Graph | Picture |
| :---: | :---: |
| Constant (same) <br> speed |  |
| Increasing speed | If the line on the graph <br> is getting steeper, <br> speed is increasing. |
| Decreasing speed |  |
| Stationary <br> (No speed; <br> Stopped) |  |
| Moving back to <br> the beginning |  |

## Decreasing Speed Graph

- If the line on the graph is getting less steep, the speed is decreasing. (Write the description and draw the image below)



## Catalyst:

Use Speed = Distance/Time to answer the following word problems:

1. Ms. Salzburg had to run west to get home. It took her 2 minutes to run 100 meters. What is her speed?
2. What is Ms. Salzburg's average speed if she then took a 1 minute break and ran another 100 meters in 1 minute?

## Speed Graphs

| Type of <br> Graph | Picture |
| :---: | :---: |
| Constant (same) <br> speed |  |
| Increasing speed |  |
| Decreasing speed | If the line on the graph <br> is getting less steep, <br> the speed is <br> decreasing. |
| Stationary <br> (No speed; <br> Stopped) | Moving back to <br> the beginning |

## Stationary Speed Graph

- If the line goes flat, the object has stopped moving. (Write the description and draw the image below)


Stop!!


## Catalyst:

Use Speed = Distance/Time to answer the following word problems:

1. Ms. Salzburg had to run west to get home. It took her 2 minutes to run 100 meters. What is her speed?
2. What is Ms. Salzburg's average speed if she then took a 1 minute break and ran another 100 meters in 1 minute?

## Speed Graphs

| Type of <br> Graph | Picture |
| :---: | :---: |
| Constant (same) <br> speed |  |
| Increasing speed |  |
| Decreasing speed |  |
| Stationary <br> (No speed; <br> Stopped) | If the line goes flat, the <br> object has stopped <br> moving. |
| Moving back to <br> the beginning |  |

## Change in Direction

- When the graph has negative slope, the object is moving back towards the start. (Write the description and draw the image below)



## Catalyst:

Use Speed = Distance/Time to answer the following word problems:

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## Speed Graphs

| Type of <br> Craph | Picture |
| :---: | :---: |
| Constant (same) <br> speed |  |
| Increasing speed |  |
| Decreasing speed |  |
| Stationary |  |
| (No speed; |  |
| Stopped) |  |
| Moving back to <br> the beginning | When the graph has <br> negative slope, the <br> object is moving back <br> towards the start |

## Please complete with notes \& pictures

## Type of Graph

## Picture

Constant (same) speed
Increasing speed
Decreasing speed

## Stationary

(No speed; Stopped)
Moving back to the beginning

## Describe the motion in each part of the graph with those at your table:



## Reflection

1. What does the slope of a Distance vs. Time Graph tell you? Explain how you know.
2. Sketch a simple graph of the following situation: A student runs to class because she is late. She stops for a moment to talk to her P.E. teacher. She then walks the rest of the distance to her next class.
3. Ms. Salzburg ran 3 miles, biked 2 miles, and swam 1 mile. It took her 1 hour to do each activity. Find the average speed.

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